

Kadi, Mahesana (Gujarat)

An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Company Mfg of PP Woven Sacks

ISI 19887:2014 – PP Foodgrain Bags ISI 14968:2015 – PP Sugar Bag

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 5th Annual General Meeting of the Members of **SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED** [Company] will be held on, 15th July, 2025, Tuesday at 11.00 A.M. at Registered office of the Company at Plot No. 14, Divine Industrial Park Survey No. 655, Laxmanpura Taluka Kadi Mehsana GJ 382165, to transact the following Business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2025 and the Board's Report and Auditor's report thereon.

By order of the Board of Directors

For SUDARSHAN POLYFAR PRIVATE LIMITED

Yash Cupta Director

DIN: 07638743

Date: 6th June, 2025 Place: Mumbai

NOTES:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote, is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself and such proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. The instrument appointing the Proxy, in order to be effective, should be deposited, duly complete and signed, at the Registered Office of the Company not less than (48) Forty-Eight hours before the scheduled start of the meeting.



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- 3. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), a person can act as a proxy on behalf of not more than fifty (50) members and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy, who shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder. The appointment of proxy shall be in the Form No. MGT.11 annexed herewith.
- 4. Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act, is annexed hereto and forms part of the notice.
- 5. Members/Proxies are requested to bring their duly filled Attendance Slip along with the copy of the Annual Report to the Meeting.
- 6. Corporate Members intending to send their Authorized Representative(s) to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company a duly certified board resolution authorizing their said representative(s) to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- 7. Member(s) are requested to notify immediately any change in their address to the Company at the Registered Office.
- 8. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- 9. Members are requested to send their queries, if any, at least 10 (ten) days before the date of meeting so that information can be made available at the meeting.
- 10. Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far are requested to register their e-mail addresses to the Company at its registered office address.
- 11. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and the relevant documents referred to in the Notice will be available will be available for inspection by the Members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the Members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an e-mail to info@sudarshanpolyfab.com
- 12. Route Map to reach the venue of the Annual General Meeting is annexed herewith, as per the requirement of Secretarial Standards on General Meetings-2.



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BOARD'S REPORT

To,

The Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 5th Annual Report of the company together with the audited Statement of Accounts for the financial period ended 31st March 2025.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The summarized financial performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025 is given below:

(Rs. Lacs)

Particulars	2024-2025	2023-2024
Revenue from Operation		440.89
Other Income	46.07	2.80
Total Revenue	46.07	443.89
Total Expenses	14.37	806.03
Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Exceptional Items	31.69	(362.34)
Exceptional Items	-	39.91
Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	31.69	(322.43)
Tax Expenses		
- Current Tax	-	pipe Dept
Deferred tax	(0.02)	(38.85)
Profit / (loss) for the year	31.72	(283.58)
Earning Per Equity Share (Basic and Diluted)	0.32	(2.84)

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The company has completed sale of its substantial assets including Land and Building and Plant and Machinery and closed the operations. During the year 2024-25 Company's Total Revenue is Rs. 46.07 Lakhs as compared to last year's Total Revenue of 443.89 Lakhs. Company has incurred a Profit of Rs. 31.72 Lakhs in FY 2024-24 as compared to net loss of Rs. 283.58 Lakhs of previous year. The decrease in the Total Revenue is due to closure of manufacturing activities.



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CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company has shut down its manufacturing activities in the previous year. The current Management is evaluating future business prospects.

CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there is no change in the share capital.

INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IND-AS)

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has vide its notification dated February 16, 2015, notified the applicability of Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") to be mandatory on listed companies and certain class of companies. It is expected that these standards, will be made mandatory, in a phased manner, to other Companies.

Being the Subsidiary of M/s Yash Management & Satellite Limited (Listed Company) your company has to maintain the highest standards of Accounting Practices and has adopted Ind AS for the Accounting period ended on March 31, 2025 and accordingly these financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles stated therein.

DIVIDEND

No dividend has been declared for the current financial period.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

No amount has been transferred to reserves during the period under review.

DIRECTORS

Mr. Anurag Gupta, Mr. Yash Gupta and Mr. Sandeep Mangal are the current Directors of the company.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

There is no appointment of the Independent Director during the year under review.

DISQUALIFICATIONS OF DIRECTORS

During the period the Company received declarations from the directors pursuant to section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. Board appraised the same and found that none of the director is disqualified for holding office as director.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the Financial period 2024-25, 06 (Six) board meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company held as per Section 173 of Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standard which is summarized below.



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The provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standard were adhered to while considering the time gap between two meetings and others.

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	25.05.2024	4	3
2.	08.08.2024	3	3
3.	03.09.2024	3	3
4.	03.10.2024	3	3
5.	11.12.2024	3	3
6.	10.02.2025	3	3

The necessary quorum was present at all the Board Meetings.

PARTICULARS OF MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

The provisions section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.

SUBSIDIARY, ASSOCIATE COMPANIES OR JOINT VENTURE

The Company does not have any subsidiary company or associate company or any joint venture company. However, company is a material subsidiary of M/s Yash Management & Satellite Limited which holds 61% of equity share capital of the Company.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2025 is appended.

STATUTORY AUDITOR

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s. Borkar & Muzumdar, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 101569W) was appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company, to hold office for a period of five consecutive years from the conclusion of the 1st AGM of the Company held in 2021, till the conclusion of the 6th AGM to be held in 2026.

During the year, the statutory auditors have confirmed that they satisfy the independence criteria required under the Companies Act, 2013, the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

Pursuant to Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, every listed entity and its material unlisted subsidiaries incorporated in



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India shall undertake secretarial audit. The company has appointed M/s Mukesh Purohit & Co. as secretarial auditor to conduct Secretarial Audit of the company for the financial year 2024-25.

The secretarial audit report issued by M/s Mukesh Purohit & Co. in form MR 3 for the financial year ended on 31.03.2025 is annexed herewith.

The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualifications, reservation or adverse remarks.

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS AND COST AUDIT

Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable for the business activities carried out by the Company.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors' Report which requires any clarification/explanation. The Notes on financial statements are self-explanatory and needs no further explanation.

<u>Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 other</u> than those which are reportable to the Central Government

There are no such frauds committed by the Company which are reported by auditors.

ANNUAL RETURNS

Pursuant to amendment in Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to provide extract of Annual Return (Form MGT-9) as part of the Board's report.

<u>PARTICULARS OF LOANS GRANTED, GUARANTEE PROVIDED AND INVESTMENTS MADE</u>

There were no loans, guarantees or investments made by the Company pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review.

$\frac{PARTICULARS\ OF\ CONTRACTS\ OR\ ARRANGEMENTS\ MADE\ WITH\ RELATED}{PARTIES}$

There were no contracts or arrangements made with related parties under section 188(1) of Companies Act, 2013 during the Financial Year 2024-25. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transaction as required under Section 134(3) (h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has duly complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e., SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively.

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TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

Since the company has not declared any dividend during the period under review, the provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

No material changes and commitments which could affect the Company's financial position have occurred till date of this report.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, **EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO**

a) Conservation of Energy & Technology Absorption

The Company is not engaged in manufacturing activities and therefore provisions relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption are not applicable to it. However, efforts are being made to minimize consumption of energy, wherever possible

b) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

i. Foreign exchange earnings

Rs. Nil

ii. Foreign Exchange outgo -

Rs. Nil

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The company does not have any risk management policy as the element of risk threatening the Company's existence is very minimal.

DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (31 OF 2016)

There is no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

DISCLOSURE OF COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE AND PROVIDING VIGIL MECHANISM

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 and 7 of the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

COMPANY'S POLICY RELATING TO DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT, PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION AND OTHER MATTERS PROVIDED UNDER SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 178

The provisions of Section 178 relating to Nomination and Remuneration Committee are not applicable to the Company.

303, Morya Landmark 1, Behind Crystal Plaza, Off New Link Road, Andheri West, Mumbai 400053

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SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in a single segment. Therefore, the disclosure requirements of accounting standards (AS)-17 on "Segment Reporting" issued by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 is not applicable to the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM

The provisions of Section 177 of the Act read with Rule 6 and 7 of the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its powers) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company does not fall under the criteria of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 so there is no requirement to constitute Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and frame a policy thereof.

<u>DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE</u> (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

There is no female employee appointed yet (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees). Hence Sexual Harassment Policy has not been made.

DEPOSITS

The Company has neither accepted nor renewed any fixed deposits during the year under review under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013. There are no unclaimed deposits, unclaimed / unpaid interest, refunds due to the deposit holders or to be deposited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as on March 31, 2025.

SIGNIFICANT ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS, COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING GOING CONCERN AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

No orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal which can have an impact on the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board has adopted policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of fraud, error reporting mechanisms, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following matters as there were no transactions on these matters during the financial period 2024-25:

- Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except Employees Stock Option Scheme as referred to in this Report.

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DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board hereby submits its responsibility Statement:-

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the period ended March 31, 2025, the applicable Indian Accounting standards (IND- AS) and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) in the selection of the accounting policies, consulted the Statutory Auditors and have applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March 2025 and of the profit of the company for that period;
- c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts for the period ended 31st March 2025 on a going concern basis;
- e) The Company being unlisted, sub clause (e) of section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to laying down internal financial controls is not applicable to the Company, and
- f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Board wishes to place on record their appreciation for support given by all the concerned authorities.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Yash Gupta Director

DIN: 07638743

Anurag Gupta

Director

DIN: 00398458

Place: Mumbai

Date: 6th June 2025

PO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
To the Members of Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of **Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its Profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's of Director Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director's report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



When we read Board's Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies
 Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has



adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Management, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the financial statements.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of the Section are not applicable to the Company.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has does not have any pending litigations as at March 31, 2025 which would impact its financial positions.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
- (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances; nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (1) and (2) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 16, 2025

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software system for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which have the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software system. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Borkar & Muzumdar Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

10156

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No. 154390

UDIN: 25154390BMOTER2654

Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited** of even date)

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025, we report that:

i. Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:

- a. (A)The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets.
- b. All Property, Plant & Equipment have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- c. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company does not have any immovable property and hence the clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not revalued its PPE during the year;
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

ii. Inventories

- a. During the Operating cycle of Company, management regularly conduct physical verification of Finished Goods, Packing Material and Stores and Spares which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size and nature of the Company. The discrepancies noticed on such verification were not significant and the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- b. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not sanctioned working capital limit exceeding Rs. 5 crores from Banks or Financial institutions, hence clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has not made investments in, and not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties hence, clause 3 (iii)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Section 185 and 186 of the Act, with Respect to the loans, making investment and providing guarantee and securities, as applicable.
- v. In our opinion the Company has not accepted deposits or the amounts which are deemed to be deposits, within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under, hence clause 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the Services provided by the Company.

vii. Statutory Dues

a. According to our information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, goods and service tax, cess and any other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, pension scheme, employees' state insurance, duty of customs, income tax, goods and service tax, cess and any other material statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of excise, cess and Provident fund, Pension Scheme, Goods and Service tax, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii. There were no transactions which have not been recorded in the books of accounts and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
 - ix. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from any Financial Institution, Bank and Government and company has not issued any debentures, therefore, clause 3(ix) (a) to (f) of the Order, is not applicable to the Company.
 - x. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans or Private placement or preferential allotment and hence reporting under clause 3 (x) (a) to (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



xi.

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- b. No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 is required to be filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rules, 2014 with the central government during the year and upto the date of this report.
- c. Based on our enquires and according to the information and explanation given by the management, we have been informed that no whistle blower complaint has been received during the year.
- **xii.** In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with the Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Details of transactions with the related parties have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by applicable Indian Accounting Standard. However, the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- **xiv.** According to the information and explanation given to us, the Internal Audit is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the clause 3(xiv) (a) to (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered during the year into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The Company has not conducted any Non Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year and the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) and hence clause 3 (xvi) (a) to (d) are not applicable;
- xvii. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year. However the Company has incurred cash loss for INR (262.79) Lacs in the preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of statutory auditors of the Company during the year.



Borkar & Muzumdar

Chartered Accountants

- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and based on our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet and as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- **xx.** The order under second proviso to sub-section (5) and sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act is not applicable to the company.
- **xxi.** Since the Company do not require to prepare consolidated financial statement. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable.

For Borkar & Muzumdar Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No. 154390

UDIN: 25154390BMOTER2654

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Sudarshan Polyfab**. **Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Borkar & Muzumdar Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No. 154390 UDIN: 25154390BMOTER2654

16. 2025

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U25209GJ2020PTC118380

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

(In ₹ lacs)

Particulars	Note	As	at
	No.	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
ASSETS			
Non - Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	0.20	0.56
Capital work-in-progress	3	-	-
Other Intangible Assets	4	_	0.05
Financial Assets			
(i) Other Financial assets	5	210.98	180.86
Deffered Tax Assets	6	0.02	0.02
Other Non-Current Assets	7	0.05	0.05
Total Non Current Assets		211.25	181.54
Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	8	3.41	- 1000
(ii) Trade receivables	9	5.41	1
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	11.37	15.90
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	11	193.81	200.96
(v) Loans	12	13.80	200.50
(vi) Other Current Financial Assets	13	-	0.35
Current tax assets (Net)	14	3.84	11.95
Other Current Assets	15	3.27	3.60
Total Current Assets	13	229.50	232.76
Total Assets		440.75	414.30
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Equity share Capital	16	999.99	999.99
Other Equity	17	(579.64)	(611.29)
Total Equity		420.35	388.70
Liabilities Non- Current Liabilities			
Total Non Current Liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities Financial Liabilities (i) Trade payables			
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	10	-	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) Other financial liabilities	18	-	1.11
(ii) Other financial liabilities Other current liabilities	19	20.40	23.07
Total Current Liabilities	20	-	1.42
		20.40	25.60
Total Equity and Liabilities		440.75	414.30
Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements	1		

As per our report of even date

For Borkar & Muzumdar

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

M. No. 154390 Place : Mumbai Date : 16th May 2025

in F. R. NO. 101569W 101569W

MUMBAI

For & on behalf of Board of Directors of Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited

Yash Gupta

Director DIN: 07638743

Place: Mumbal

Date: 16th May 2025

Jan I IIvate Emilieu

Anurag Gupta Director

Director DIN: 01845362



CIN: U25209GJ2020PTC118380

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Particulars	Note	for the	(In ₹ lac
	No.	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	21		440.89
Other Income	22	46.02	2.80
Total Income		46.02	443.69
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	23		272 (0
Change in inventories of finished goods	24	_	272.68
Manufacturing Expenses	25	_	186.30 79.14
Employee Benefits Expenses	26	2.41	12.99
Finance Costs	27	0.32	
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	28	0.32	119.95 59.65
Other Expenses	29	11.23	
Total Expenses	29	14.37	75.31 806.02
Profit / (loss) Before exceptional items and tax		31.65	(362.33
Exceptional items	30	-	39.91
Profit / (loss) Before Tax		31.65	(322.42)
Tax Expense:		01.05	(522.42)
Current year's tax		_	
Deferred tax	31		(38.85)
Total Tax Expenses		_	(38.85)
Profit / (loss) after Tax		31.65	(283.57)
Other comprehensive income		31.03	(203.57)
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss			
Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments			
Income Tax related to above			
Other Comprehensive Income for the year		_	
Total comprehensive income for the year		31.65	(202.57)
Earnings Per Equity Share (Face Value Rs. 10/- Per Share):		51.05	(283.57)
Basic & diluted	32	0.32	(0.04)
The accompanying notes forms an integral part of the Standalone financial statements	32	0.32	(2.84)

As per our report of even date

F. R. NO. 101569W

For Borkar & Muzumdar

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

M. No. 154390 Place: Mumbai

Date: 16th May 2025

For & on behalf of Board of Directors of Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited

Vash Gupta

Director

DIN: 07638743

Place: Mumberi Date: 16th May 2025

Anurag Gupt

Director

DIN: 01845362

CIN: U25209GJ2020PTC118380

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Cash flow from operating activities Profit Before Tax from Continuing Operations Profit before Tax from Discontinuing Operations Profit before income tax including discontinued operations Non-cash Adjustment to Profit Before Tax: Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	31.65 - 31.65 0.41 - (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32 (9.48)	(322.42 (322.42 59.65 (165.37 (2.72
Profit Before Tax from Continuing Operations Profit Before Tax from Discontinuing Operations Profit before income tax including discontinued operations Non-cash Adjustment to Profit Before Tax: Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	31.65 0.41 - (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	59.65 (165.37 (2.72
Profit Before Tax from Discontinuing Operations Profit before income tax including discontinued operations Non-cash Adjustment to Profit Before Tax: Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	31.65 0.41 - (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	59.65 (165.37 (2.72
Profit before income tax including discontinued operations Non-cash Adjustment to Profit Before Tax: Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	31.65 0.41 - (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	59.65 (165.37 (2.72
Non-cash Adjustment to Profit Before Tax: Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	0.41 (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	59.65 (165.37 (2.72 - - - - - 119.95
Depreciation and amortization expense Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	0.41 (30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	59.65 (165.37 (2.72 - - - - - 119.95
Reversal of Depreciation of assets disposed Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	(165.37 (2.72 - - - - 119.95
Interest Income (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(30.38) (10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	(165.37 (2.72 - - - - 119.95
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	(2.72 - - - - 119.95
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(10.88) (0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	- - - - 119,95
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend and interest income classified as investing cash flows Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(0.45) (0.14) (0.01) 0.32	
Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(0.14) (0.01) 0.32	
Finance costs Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(0.01) 0.32	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	0.32	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	(21.0)	
		(310.91)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		204.70
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		294.78
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(1.11)	341.25
Decrease/(increase) in other than Bank Balance	7.15	(169.37)
Decrease/(increase) in Current tax assets	4.27	(193.31)
Decrease/(increase) in Loans	(13.80)	-
Decrease/(increase) in other current financial assets	0.35	-
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	0.33	151.40
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current financial assets	(30.12)	151.40
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	(30.12)	(180.86)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions		2.15
Increase/(decrease) in other financial Liability	(2.67)	(1.71)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(1.42)	(45.24)
Cash generated from operations	(37.02)	(0.83)
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		198.26
Net cash flow generated /(used in) operating activities (A)	3.84	11.95
Cash flow from investing activities	(42.66)	(100.70)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
Purchase of Current Investment	-	(1.72)
Proceeds from sale of Current Investments	(59.13)	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	66.74	-
Interest received	0.45	1,851.85
Dividends received	30.38	2.72
Net cash flow generated/(used in) investing activities (B)	0.01	-
Cash flows from financing activities	38.45	1,852.85
Proceeds from borrowings		
Repayments of borrowings	-	931.92
Proceeds of short-term borrowings	-	(2,491.25)
Repayment of short-term borrowings	-	3.00
nterest paid	-	(61.09)
Net cash flow generated/(used in) in financing activities (C)	(0.32)	(119.95)
Net increase/(decrease) in each and each	(0.32)	(1,737.37)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(4.53)	14.78
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15.90	1.12
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11.37	15.90

CIN: U25209GJ2020PTC118380

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(In ₹ lacs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31,		
I MI MANAGEMENT	2025	2024	
Non-cash financing and investing activities Acquisition of property, plant and equipment by means of finance lease	_		
Addustion of property, plant and adaptive of	11.37	15.90	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow			
Cash and cash equivalents	11.37	15.90	
Balance as per the cash flow statement:	11.37	15.90	
Significant accounting policies			

As per our report of even date

101569W

For Borkar & Muzumdar

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

M. No. 154390 Place : Mumbai

Date: 16th May 2025

For & on behalf of Board of Directors of Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited

Yash Cupta

Director

DIN: 07638743 Place Mumbai

Date: 16th May 2025

Anurag Gupta

Director

DIN: 01845362

CIN: U25209GJ2020PTC118380

STATEMENT OF CHANG	ES IN EQUITY	Y FOR THE YEAR	R ENDED MARCH 31, 20	
A. Equity Share Capital	•			(In ₹ lacs)
As at March 31, 2025		D	C	D. I.
Balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in		Changes in equity share	Balance at
	Equity Share	at the beginning	capital during the	the March 31
	Capital due	of the current	current year	2025
	to prior	reporting period		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
999,99	period errors		,	999.99
		-		999.99
As at March 31, 2024 Balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in	Restated balance	Changes in equity share	Balance at
Datance as at April 01, 2023	Equity Share	at the beginning	capital during the	the March 31
	Capital due	of the current	current year	2024
	to prior	reporting period	current year	2024
	period errors	reporting period		outpools (Control of Control of C
999,99	period errors			999.99
		_		777.77
B. Other Equity(1) Current reporting period - March 31	2025		•	
Particulars		er Equity	Items of Other	Total - Equity
rarticulars		and Surplus	Comprehensive Income	attributable
	Capital	Retained	Remeasurements of the	to Equity
	Reserve	earnings	defined benefit plans	Shareholder
Balance at April 1, 2024	Reserve	(611.29)	defined benefit plans	(611.29
Profit for the year		31.65	-	31.65
Remeausremnt of Net Defined benefit	_	51.05	_	-
Liability/Asset (Net of Taxes)				
Total comprehensive income for the year		31.65		31.65
Dividends		_	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings			-	
De-Recognition of Financial Guarantee	-		- "	-
provided by parent Company				
Remeasurement of Financial Liabilities -			-	-
Preference Share				
Balance at March 31, 2025	-	(579.64)	-	(579.64
(2) Previous reporting period - March 31				
Particulars		er Equity	Items of Other	Total - Equity
		and Surplus	Comprehensive Income	attributable
	Capital	Retained	Remeasurements of the	to Equity
	Reserve	earnings	defined benefit plans	Shareholder
Balance at April 1, 2023	-	(327.72)		(327.72
Profit for the year	-	(283.57)	-	(283.57
Remausremnt of Net Defined benefit		-137	-	-
Liability/Asset (Net of Taxes)		(000 ==	7	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(283.57)		(283.57
Dividends Transfer to retained earnings	1	•	¥	-
Any other change (to be specified)		_	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2024		(611.29)	-	(611.29
As per our report of even date		(011.29)		(011.29
As per our report of even date For Borkar & Muzumdar		For & on bahal	f of Board of Directors	
Chartered Accountants	VAN PO		olyfab Private Limited	JAN PO
FRN: 101569W	3	of Sudar shall P	orgrad i rivate diffittu	1/2
	S Z	Il Should "		Kal .
Jun 13		310	12000	131
Deepak Kumar Jain	J. J	Yash Gupta	Anurag Gupta	
Partner	07	Director	Director	.01
on reasonations and	The same of the sa			200

M. No. 154390 Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May 2025

DIN: 07638743
Place: Mambed
Date: 16th May 2025

DIN: 01845362



COMPANY INFORMATION

Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited is a (SPPL) is a Private Limited Company incorporated in India in the year 2020. The registered office of the Company is located at Plot No. 14, Divine Industrial Park Survey No. 655, Laxmanpura Taluka Kadi, Mahesana, Gujarat, India - 382165. SPPL has commenced the commercial production on Feb-2022.

In the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on October 03, 2023, the company has decided and approved to closure the Unit and to sale the Unit as a whole or in part together with all specified tangible assets including land & building and plant & machineries as a going concern or on a slump sale basis on an "as is where is" basis to the suitable buyer(s) at such price and terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit in the interest of the company with requisite majority.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:-

a. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as Ind-AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies, Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to

b. Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments and defined plans that measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for goods

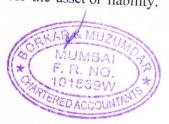
Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In measuring fair value of an asset or liability, the Company takes into account those characteristics of the asset or liability that market participants would take into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes fair value measurements are categorized into level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described

Level 1 - inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assetor liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.



Functional and presentational currency:

The Company's Financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest lacs (INR 00000), except when otherwise indicated.

The financial statements are approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 16th May 2025.

Use of Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with IND AS requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future period affected. Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the accounting policies and / or the notes to the financial statements.

c. Classification of Current and Non-Current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle.
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- v. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

d. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for customer returns.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

i. Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods, it no longer retains control over the goods sold, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. Sale of goods is recognized gross of excise duty but net of other taxes collected on behalf of third parties.

ii. Scrap Sale

Scrap sale is recognized at the fair value of consideration received or receivables upon transfer of significant risk and rewards. It comprises of invoice value of goods including excise duty excluding applicable taxes on sale.

iii. Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition and

iv. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right as a shareholder/unit holder to receive payment is established by the reporting date.

e. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortization and impairment losses if any, except freehold land which is carried at cost Cost comprises of purchase price, import duties, levies any attributable cost of bringing the assets on its working identifiable is within the control of the Company, it is probable condition for the intended use. When each major expenses on fixed assets, day to day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts that does not meet the capitalization criteria in accordance with IND AS 16 are charged to statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

The Company identifies the significant parts of plant and equipment separately (which are required to be replaced at intervals) based on their specific useful lives. The cost of replacement of significant parts are capitalized and the carrying amount of replaced parts are derecognized PPEs eliminated from the financial statements on disposal or when no further benefit is expected from its use and disposal Gains or losses arising from disposal, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of such assets are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss. Amount received towards PPE that are impaired and derecognized in the financial statements are recognized in statement of Profit and Loss, when the recognition criteria are met.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and property under construction) less their residual value, over their useful lives. The estimated useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.



Depreciation for PPE on additions is calculated on pro rata basis from the date of such additions. For deletion / disposals the depreciation is calculated on pro rata basis up to the date on which such assets have been discarded / sold.

Capital work in progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation, under development including related expenses and attributable interest as at the reporting date.

f. Investment Property

The Company does not have any investment property as on the Balance Sheet date. Hence there is no disclosure as per the requirements of IND AS 16.

g. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized when the asset is identifiable is within the control of the Company, it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful life on straight line method. The estimated useful lives of intangible assets are assessed by the internal technical team. It's accounting classification is given below:-

1. Nature of intangible Assets

2. Estimated useful life

3. Amortization of intangible Assets

4. Accounting Classification

- Computer Software sale.

- 3 Years

- Computer Software

- Depreciation & Amortization

h. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Cost of Raw materials, Stores and Spares, Fuel, Packing Materials, etc., are valued at cost, computed on moving weighted average basis including the cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location or net realizable value whichever is lower. Process Stock and Finished Goods are valued at moving weighted average cost including the cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to the present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the is sale.

i. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company is segregated based on the available information.

j. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing Costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest rate method, other costs incurred in connection with borrowing of funds and exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the interest costs.

Borrowing Costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets (net of income earned on temporary deployment of funds) are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

k. Financial Assets:

Financial Assets comprises of Investments in Equity, Trade Receivables, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Financial asset

Classification

The Company classifies Financial Assets as subsequently measured at Amortized Cost, Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) on the basis of its business model for managing the Financial Assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recognized at the fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset Subsequent measurements of financial assets are dependent on initial categorization. For impairment purposes, significant financial assets are tested on an individual basis and other financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics

Financial Assets are measured at amortized cost when asset is held within a business model, whose adjective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

De-recognition of Financial Assets

A Financial Asset is primarily derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

I. Financial Liabilities

Financial Liabilities comprises of Borrowings from banks, Trade Payables, Derivative Financial Instruments, Financial Guarantee Obligation and Other Financial Liabilities.

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such financial liabilities including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Amortized Cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. Any difference between the proceeds (Net of transactions costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in Profit or Loss over the period of borrowings using the

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that same or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Trade and Other Payables

A payable is classified as 'Trade Payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year, which are unpaid. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method.

De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

A Financial Liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed is recognized in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

m. Impairment

1. Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances if only, using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued. Loss allowance for trade receivables no significant financing component is measured at an equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECL is measured at an amount equal to the 12 month ECL. Unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition, in which case, those are measured at life time ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

2. Non-Financial Liabilities

The carrying values of assets include property, plant and equipment, cash generating units and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment at each Balance Sheet date, if there is any indication of impairment based on internal and external factors.

Non-financial assets are treated as impaired when the carrying amount of such asset exceeds its recoverable value. After recognition of impairment loss, the depreciation for the said assets is provided for remaining useful life based on the revised carrying amount, less its residual value if any, on straight line basis.

An impairment loss is charged to the statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired.

An impairment loss is reversed when there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased

n. Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Company (i.e. INR) at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date, except for those derivative balances that are within the scope of IND AS -109. "Financial instruments" are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date and the related foreign currency gain or loss are reported in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Foreign Exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Realized or unrealized gain in respect of the settlement or



translation of borrowing is recognized as an adjustment to interest cost to the extent of the loss previously recognized as an adjustment to interest cost.

o. Employee Benefits

Employee Benefits in the form of Provident Fund & Employee State Insurance are defined contribution plans. The Company recognizes contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense, when an employee renders the related services.

The Company contributes monthly at 12% of employees' basic salary to Employees Provident Fund & Employees Pension Fund administered by the Employees provident fund organization, Government of India. The Company has no further obligations.

Gratuity Liability is defined benefit plans. The cost of providing benefit under the defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period.

Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability /

- 1. Actuarial Gains and Losses;
- 2. The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset; and
- 3. Any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net benefit liability / asset. Reimbursements of net defined benefit liability / asset are charged or credited to Other Comprehensive Income.

p. Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources, embodying economic benefits in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

Contingent Liability is a possible obligation that may arise from past events and its existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the same are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements.

Insurance Claims are accounted on the basis of claims admitted or expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection. Contingent Assets are not recognized

q. Taxes on Income

Income Tax expenses comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in Equity or Other Comprehensive Income. In such cases, the tax is also recognized directly in Equity or in Other Comprehensive defined Income.

Current Tax

Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year, determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences Deferred Tax Assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses being carried forward, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available in future against which those deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred Tax Liabilities and Assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the assets realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025 All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

I HAM HOLD AND THEFT I, I THE TOWN I	EXCHIMENT:									
		Gross Carrying Amount	ing Amount			Depreciation	iation		Net Block	lock
Particulars	As at	Addition	Disposal	As at	As at	Charged	Other	As at	Asat	Asat
Office Equipment	0.36		1	0.36	0.18	0.07	8	0.25	0.11	0.18
Computers	1.37	1	1	1.37	0.99	0.29	ı	1.28	0.00	0.38
Vehicles	2.23	1	0.68	1.55	2.23		89.0	1.55	B	ğ
Total	3.96	-	89.0	3.28	3.40	0.36	99.0	3.08	0.20	0.56
		Gross Carrying Amount	ing Amount			Depreciation	iation		Net Block	ock
Particulars	As at	Addition	Disposal	As at	As at	Charged	Other	As at	As at	Asat
Land - Freehold	79.63		79.63	ı	ı	ı	COLUMN TO THE PROPERTY OF THE	Trest version of the company of the		79.63
Factory Buildings	641.33	1.32	642.65	,	22.81	18.99	41.80	1	ì	618.52
Plant and Machinery	1,016.38	1	1,016.38	ı	72.05	32.47	104.52	ī	В	944.33
Furniture & Fixtures	1.64	0.31	1.95	ı	0.20	0.17	0.37	ŧ	8	1.44
Office Equipment	0.36	1	1	0.36	0.11	0.07		0.18	0.18	0.25
Computers	1.37	1	ſ	1.37	0.55	0.44	í	0.99	0.38	0.82
Labouratory Equipment	5.06	1	5.06	,	0.43	0.24	0.67	i	Ī	4.63
Vehicles	3.06		0.83	2.23	0.34	2.03	0.14	2.23	9	2.72
Electric Fitting	105.27	0.08	105.35	,	12.85	5.02	17.87	1	0	92.42
Total	1,854.10	1.71	1,851.85	3.96	109.34	59.43	165.37	3.40	0.56	1,744.76



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PVT LTD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025 All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
3 CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS		
Factory Building under Construction		
Opening balance		
Addition During the year		1.32
Less: Transfer to Factory Bldg		1.32
	_	_

	Amount in CWIP for a period				
Capital Work in Progress	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress					
Factory Building	-	_	_	-	-
Total	-	-		-	-

4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Particulars		Computer Software
Gross Carrying Amount		
Cost as at April 1, 2023		0.55
Addittions		_
Disposal / adjustments		_
As at March 31, 2024		0.55
Addittions		
Disposal / adjustments		
As at March 31, 2025		0.55
Accumulated Depreciation		
As at April 1, 2023		0.28
charge for the year		0.22
Disposals		· _
As at March 31, 2024		0.50
Charge for the Year		0.05
Disposals		_
As at March 31, 2025		0.55
Net Block as at March 31,2025		_
Net Block as at March 31,2024		0.05
OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (i) Deposits with Bank		
- With Maturity period of more than 12 months	210.98	180.86
	210.98	180.86
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)		
At the beginning of the year	0.02	(38.83)
Add / Less: Deferred tax for the year	-	38.85
	0.02	0.02
OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS		
Advances other than capital advances		
Security Deposits		
- Unsecured, considered good	0.05	0.05
5.1555.154, 55.154 0.104 500 4	0.05	0.05
	3.05	0.05



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

Q	Investment -	Non C.		Oundard
0	Investment -	Non-E	irrent	moted

Investment - Non-Current Quoted	As at 31st March						
Particulars		2025	110 110 1	De Ivates ess	2024		
	Face Value	Nos.	Amount	Face Value	Nos.	Amount	
Investment in Equity share at fair value t	hrough Profit	& Loss A/c	2	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Deepak Fertilizers & Petrochems Ltd	10	10	0.11			_	
Indo Tech Transformer Ltd	10	50	1.12		-	-	
Interarch Building Solutions Ltd	10	100	1.49		-	-	
Mahanagar Gas Ltd	10	50	0.69	-			
			3.41		_	-	
Aggregate book value of quoted investme	nt		3.28			-	
Aggregate market value of quoted investi			3.41			_	
TRADE RECEIVABLES							
Secured, considered good							
Unsecured, considered good					_		
Trade receivable which have significant inc	ease in Credit I	Rick			_	56.9	
Trade receivable Credit Impaired -							
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts *					(56.9		
Dess. Amovance for Bad & Bodottal Beots			-			(30.)	
		for follow	ing periods	from due	date of payme	ent	
	Outstanding (If due date	is not speci	ified)		date of payme		
	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6	is not speci	ified) 1 - 2	2 - 3	More than	ent Total	
Particulars	Outstanding (If due date	is not speci	ified) 1 - 2 years	2-3 years		Total	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months	is not speci	ified) 1 - 2	2-3 years	More than	Total	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months	is not speci	ified) 1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total	
Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months	is not speci	1 - 2 years 4.37	2 - 3 years	More than	Total 4.3	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci	ified) 1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total 4.3	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci	1 - 2 years 4.37	2 - 3 years	More than	Total 4.3	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months - - - - -	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64	2 - 3 years - - 35.94	More than 3 years	4.3 52.5	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci	1 - 2 years 4.37	2 - 3 years	More than	Total 4.3 52.5	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marce	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months - - - - - -	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94	More than 3 years	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marce	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl h 31, 2024 Outstanding	is not speci 6 months - - - - - - - - - - - s for follow	ified) 1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods f	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94	More than 3 years	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marce	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months - - - - - - - - - - - s for follow	ified) 1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods f	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94	More than 3 years	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marce	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl h 31, 2024 Outstanding (If due date	is not speci 6 months - - - - - - s for follow is not speci	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified) 1 - 2	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94 from due 2 - 3	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9	
Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marc Particulars	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl h 31, 2024 Outstanding (If due date Less than 6	is not speci 6 months s for follow is not speci 6	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified)	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - 35.94 from due	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9 ent Total	
Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marc Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months for follow is not speci 6 months	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified) 1 - 2	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94 from due 2 - 3	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9 ent Total	
Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marc Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months for follow is not speci 6 months	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified) 1 - 2	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94 from due 2 - 3	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9 ent Total	
Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marc Particulars Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl	is not speci 6 months for follow is not speci 6 months	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified) 1 - 2	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94 from due 2 - 3	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9 ent Total 4.3	
Undisputed-Considered Good Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit R Undisputed-Credit Impaired Disputed-Considered Good Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk Disputed-Credit Impaired Total Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule- Marc	Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - isl h 31, 2024 Outstanding (If due date Less than 6 months - sl	is not speci 6 months - - - - s for follow is not speci 6 months 4.37	1 - 2 years 4.37 - 16.64 - 21.01 ing periods fified) 1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years - - 35.94 - - 35.94 from due 2 - 3	More than 3 years date of payme	Total 4.3 52.5 56.9	

	(If due date	is not speci	ified)			
	Less than 6	6	1 - 2	2 - 3	More than	Total
	months	months	years	years	3 years	
Undisputed-Considered Good	2.0	4.37	-	-	-	4.37
Undisputed-Significant increase in Credit Risl	-	-	-	-	_	_
Undisputed-Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed-Considered Good	-	16.64	35.94	-	_	52.58
Disputed-Significant increase in Credit Risk	_	_	-	-	_	
Disputed-Credit Impaired	_		-	-		
Total	_	21.01	35.94		too.	56.95
Movement in the expected credit loss allowa	nce			31 M	lar 2025	31 Mar 2024

Balance at beginning of the year	56.95	1.49
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	-	55.46
Balance at end of the year	56.95	56.95
10 CASH & CASH EQUAVALENTS		
(i) Balances with Banks:		
- Current Accounts	6.97	0.82
- Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months		15.02
(ii) Cash-in-hand	4.40	0.06
108 8 MIS	11.37	15.90

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

AII	amounts	are in	n Re	Lace	unless	otherwise	stated
	amounts	aren	11/1/2	LACS	HILLIES	CHILLETANISE	SIZERCE

Particulars		As : March 202	31,	As at March 31, 2024
11 BANK BALANCE OTHER THAN CASH & CASH EQUI	VALENTS	202		2020
Deposits with maturity date more than 3 months and less than			193.81	200.96
			193.81	200.96
12 LOANS				
a) Loans considered good - unsecured			13.80	60
		(300)	13.80	-
13 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Advances other than Capital Advances				
a) Security Deposits				
- Unsecured, considered good			-	0.35
			-	0.35
4 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)				
Taxes Paid			3.84	11.95
	•		3.84	11.95
5 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS				
Advances other than Capital Advances				
a) GST Credit receivable			3.26	3.60
b) Other Advances			0.01	-
			3.27	3.60
6 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised Shares Capital				
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of Rs.10/- each		1	,000.00	1,000.00
Total			000.00	1,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up				1,000.00
99,99,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up			999.99	999.99
Total			999,99	999,99
Reconciliation of shares outstanding as at the beginning an	d at the end of the			777.77
Particulars	31-Ma			Iar-24
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Equity shares	Similes	Amount	Dittilles	Amount
At the beginning of the period	99,99,900	999.99	99,99,900	999.99
Addition during the year	-	-	-	777.33
Outstanding at the end of the period	99,99,900	999.99	99,99,900	999.99
Diship and the end of the period	77,77,300	222.23	77,77,700	777.77

b. Rights, preference and restrictions attached to shares:

Equity Shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of Equity share capital of the company

Name of the Shareholder	31-M	31-Mar-25		Iar-24
Traine of the Shareholder	Shares	Shares Holding %		Holding %
Yash Management & Satellite Ltd	61,00,139	61.00%	61,00,139	61.00%
Arvind Salampuria	-	-	8,99,991	9.00%
Navrati Gupta	8,99,991	9.00%	-	-
Yash Gupta	29,99,770	30.00%	29,99,770	30.00%

d. Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

Name of Promoter	No of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Yash Management And Satellite Limited	61,00,139	61.00%	0.00%
Arvind Salampuriya	-	0.00%	-9.00%
Yash Gupta.	29,99,770	0,00%	0.00%



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025 All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

		As at March 31,	As at March 31,
17 OTHER EQUITY		2025	2024
Retained Earnings			
Balance at the begining of the year			
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year		(611.29)	(327.72
Balance at the end of the year		31.65	(283.57
18 TRADE PAYABLES		(579.64)	(611.29
To Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises			
To Creditors other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterpri		-	
	ses -	•	1.11
Ageing of payables as On 31st March'2025	-	_	1.11
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1.2	_
MSME	Dess than I year	1-2 years	Tota
Others	• •	ж.	-
Disputed Dues - MSME	On On		-
Disputed Dues - Others			-
Ageing of navables as O- 21 435			
Ageing of payables as On 31st March'2024 Particulars			
MSME	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	Total
Others		-	-
Disputed Dues - MSME	0.16	0.95	1.11
Disputed Dues - Others		-	-
, and the state of	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	0.16	0.95	1.11
Payables for acquisition of property, plant and			
Liability for expenses			1.87
Enablity for expenses		20.40	21.20
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	20.40	23.07
Statutory Liabilities			20.07
Suitatory Elabinities			1.42
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		-	1.42
Revenue from Operations			1112
Revenue from Operations Sale of Products			
Sale of Products			440.89
			440.89
Other Operating Income		_	440.89
Revenue from Operations			-
OTHER INCOME		-	440.89
Interest income on			
Interest income earned on financial assets the			
Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designat Bank deposits	ed as FVTPL:		
Interest received on refund		30.38	2.72
Interest received on loan		0.42	0.08
Dividend		0.80	
		0.01	
Short term capital gain on Sale of Fixed Assets Other Income		0.45	
Sundry Balances W/back		0.18	-
Short term capital gain on Fault.		2.76	-
Short term capital gain on Equity shares		10.88	
Gain/loss on Investment at FVTPL (Unrealised)		0.14	
		46.02	2.80
OVABLE MUZUMO			4.00
MUMBAI (%)			
May Manager Aspli			

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
23 COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED		
Raw materials (including packing materials)		
Inventory at the beginning of the year		154.95
Add: Purchases		117.73
Less: Inventory at the end of the year		=
Cost of raw materials consumed	_	272.68
24 (INCREASE) / DECREASE IN INVENTORIES		
Inventories at the end of the year		
- Finished Goods		
- Work In Progress	0.00	-
Inventories at the Begining of the year		
- Finished Goods	_	122.47
- Work In Progress	_	63.83
		186.30
Not (inamage)/ degreese in inventories		107.30
Net (increase)/ decrease in inventories	NO.	186.30
25 MANUFACTURING EXPENSES		
Factory Power	-	34.38
Labour Charges	- ·	28.22
Consumables	- 1	0.73
Freight Inward	-	0.39
Loading & unloading Charges	-	0.01
Threading Charges	-	0.18
Repairs and maintenance		
- Machinery	-	15.23
A FIMIN OVER DEVENIES WITHOUT		79.14
26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES		
Salary, Wages, Bonus etc	2.28	13.59
Directors Remuneration	-	1.00
Contribution to provident and other fund	-	0.11
Gratuity		(1.71)
Staff Welfare expenses	0.13	_
	2.41	12.99
7 FINANCE COSTS		
Interest and Finance charges on financial liabilities not a FVTPL		
Interest on working capital loans	0.32	15.28
Interest on term loans		44.71
Interest on others	-	59.14
Other Borrowing cost		0.82
Bank Facility charges		-
	0.32	119.95
8 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE	0.32	117.73
	^ ^	
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	0.36	59.43
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.05	0.22
	0.41	59.65



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
29	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Electricity Expenses		0.21
	Rent	e e	0.95
	Freight outward	99	9.20
	Repairs & Maintenance	0.05	
	Legal, professional & consultancy fees	6.58	0.08
	Travelling and conveyance expenses	0.81	0.41
	Compliance charges	0.45	1.32
	Printing & Stationary		0.19
	Insurance		2.07
	Marketing Expenses	0.04	0.85
		0.83	0.02
	Office Expenses Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts	-	55.46
		2.07	4.01
	Miscellaneous expenses	10.83	74.77
		10.03	/ 7. / /
	Payment to Auditor's as		
	- Audit fees	0.40	0.54
	- Stock Audit Fees		-
		0.40	0.54
20	EVCEDELONIAL ITEMO		
30	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
	Profit / (loss) on sale of Property, Plant & Equipment:		251.00
	Profit on Sale of Building		251.00
	Profit on Sale of Land		87.87
	Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	(298.96)
			39.91
	TAX EXPENSES		
a.	Income tax expenses:		
	Current tax assets		
	In respect of the current year	-	-
	In respect of prior years	_	-
			_
	Deferred tax Liability		
	In respect of the current year		
	In respect of the Temproary Differences		(38.85)
	In respect of the Unused Tax Loss		-
	In respect of the Unused Tax Credit	-	-
		-	(38.85)
	Total income tax expense recognised in the current year	-	(38.85)
b.	Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		
		_	
c.	Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India	's tax rate:	
	Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	31.65	(322.42)
	Profit from discontinuing operations before income tax expense	-	- "
	Tax at the Indian tax rate of 17.16% (2023-2024 - 17.16%)*		
	Toy at the Indian for note of 17 160/ (2022 2024 17 160/)*		



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

31 I	Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
1	Adjustments for current tax of prior periods		
]	Difference between WDV of Property Plant and equipment including		
	ntangibles as per books and Income taxes	-	
	Expenses provided but allowable in Income Tax on payment/write off(net)	_	-
1	Other than temporary Differences	_	-
	Adjustments for current tax of prior periods		-
	Income tax expense		
	Amounts recognised directly in equity: Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in net profit or loss or other comprehensive income but directly		
	debited/ (credited) to equity:	-	-
	- Current tax	-	(38.95)
	- Deferred tax		(30.73)
e.	Tax losses		
	Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	-	
	Potential tax benefit @ 17.16%		-
	CVA DV (DDO)	Year ended	March 31,
32	EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)	2025	2024
	Basic earnings per share:		
	From continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the company From discontinued operations attributable to equity holders of the company	0.32	(2.84)
	Total basic earnings per share	0.32	(2.84)
	<u>Diluted earnings per share:</u> From continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the company	0.32	(2.84)
	From discontinued operations attributable to equity holders of the company		
	Total diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the company	0.32	(2.84)
	Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share: Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to equity holders of the company used in calculating		
	basic earnings per share:		
	From continuing operations	31.65	(283.57)
		31.65	(283.57)
	Diluted earnings per share		
	Profit from continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the company:	21.65	(283.57
	Used in calculating basic earnings per share	31.65	(283.57
	Used in calculating diluted earnings per share	31.65	(283.57
	Profit used in calculating diluted earnings per share	31.65	(203.37
	Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator:		
	Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	99,97,432	99,97,432

33 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Risk management

The group's objectives when managing capital are to,

(i) Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

(ii) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the group monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio:

Total debt

divided by

Total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet, including non-controlling interests).

The Company's strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio within 1:1.5. The gearing ratios were as follows:

	As at Ma	rch 31,
	2025	2024
Total debt	-	-
Total equity	420.35	388.70
Total debt to equity ratio		ces
34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS	As at Ma	rch 31,
	2025	2024
Contingent Liabilities Not Provided for	NIL	NIL
35 COMMITMENTS	As at Ma	rch 31,
	2025	2024
Capital Commitments	NIL	NIL

36 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined Contribution Plans

The total expense recognised in profit and loss of Rs. NIL lacs (for the year ended March 31, 2024 : 0.11) represents contributions payable to Provident fund by the Company at rates specified in rules of the plans.

b. Defined Benefits Plans

The company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit payable is the amount calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees on retirement or on termination of employment. The gratuity benefits payable to the employees are based on the employee's service and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the company. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The liability in respect of plan is determined on the basis of an actuarial valuation.

Company has not calculated the amount of other benefits plans for current year as there are no employees eligible for retirement & other employees benefit.

37 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION		Ownership interest as at March,31		
		2025	2024	
Yash Management & Satellite Ltd	Holding Company	61.00%	61.00%	
 Relationship between Company & R Key Management Personnel Yash Gupta 	Related Parties Director			
2) Anurag Gupta3) Sandeep Mangal	Director from 31-05-2024 Director			
b) Entities where KMP have Significan1) Yash Management & Satellite Ltd.	t Influence			
2. Key Management Personnel	And the state of t	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
a) Remuneration paid; Yash Gupta Aniruddh Goyal	TUMBAI CO		0.50 0.50	
Total Compensation	101569W		1.00	

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

3. The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Repayment of Loan		
Arvind Salampuria	-	20.00
Yash Management & Satellite Ltd	-	538.38
Sudarshan Extrusions Private limited	9.2	50.00
Interest Paid		
Yash Management & Satellite Ltd	The last section of the la	54.26
Arvind Salampuria	-	2.34
Loan from Holding Company		
Yash Management & Satellite Ltd	-	138.29
Loan from Entities where KMP have Significant Influence		50.00

4. Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

	As at M	arch, 31
	2025	2024
Payables		
Yash Gupta (Expense)		0.01
		0.01

38 Government Grants

During the year the company did not received any government grant.

39 Financial Instruments

(i) Mehtod and assumptions used to estimate the fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- a) The carrying amounts of receivables and payables which are short term in nature such as trade receivable, other banks balances, deposit, loans to employees, trade payables, payables for acquisition of property, Demand loans from banks and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as thier fair values.
- b) The fair values for long term loans, Long term security deposit given and remaining non-current financial assets were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair values hierarchy due to the inlcusions of unobservable inputs.
- c) The fair values of long term secutity deposit taken, non-current borrowings and remaining non-current financial liabilities are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs.inputs.
- d) For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

(ii) Categories of Financial Instruments

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Directly or Indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 Inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on Observable Market data

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

March 31, 2025

March 31, 2025	· ·	Classifi	oation			Fair Valu	ıe
Particulars	Carrying Value	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets							
Investments	3.41	3.41	-	-	_		_
	13.80	-	-	13.80	-	-	-
Loan Other financial assets	193.81	cos .	-	193.81	-	80	
	11.37		-	11.37	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	222.39	3.41	-	218.98		-	-

a www money.	Corrying	Classif	ication	F	air Value	
Financial Liabilities	Carrying Value	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Other financial liabilities	20.40	-	20.40	-	-	-
Office Illianolar naominos	20.40	-	20.40			(-)

March 31, 2024

March 31, 2024	- · · ·	Classifi	cation			Fair Valu	e
Particulars	Carrying Value	FVTPL		Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets	200.96	_		200.96	-	-	-
Other financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	15.90	-	-	15.90	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	216.86	-	-	216.86	-	-	-

210.00					
Carrying	Classifi	ication	F		
Value	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
1.11	-	1.11	-	-	-
23.07	-	23.07	-	-	-
24.18	os .	24.18		-	-
	Carrying Value 1.11 23.07	Carrying Classifi Value FVTPL 1.11 - 23.07 -	Carrying Value Classification FVTPL Amortised Cost 1.11 - 1.11 23.07 - 23.07	Carrying Classification FVTPL Amortised Level 1 Cost 1.11 - 1.11 - 23.07 - 23.07 -	Carrying Value FVTPL Amortised Level 1 Level 2 Cost 1.11 - 1.11

(iii) Financial Risk Management

The Company's Financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board. The Details of Different type of risk and management policy to address these risks are listed below:

The Company's activities are exposed to various risk viz. Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market Risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performnace of the Company, it uses various instruments and follows policies set up by the Board of Directors/Management.

a) Credit Risk:

Credit Risk arises from the possibility that counter party will cause financial loss to the Company by failing to discharge its obligation as agreed. Credit risks from Balances with Banks and financial institutions are managed in accordance with the Company policy.

Entity's Trade receivables consists of It's Co-Venture and Other debtor with no significant concentration of credit risk. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action is taken for collection of overdue receivables.

Table showing age of gross trade receivables and movement in expected credit loss allowance:

Age of receivables	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Within the credit period	-	-
1-90 days past due		-
91-180 days past due		-
181-270 days past due		
More than 270 days past due		_
Total		



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at beginning of the year	56.95	1.49
Net movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	-	55.46
Total	56.95	56.95

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach for managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to Company's reputation. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by the senior management. The Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

As on March 31, 2025	< 1 Year	1 - 5 year	> 5 year	Total
Non-Current borrowings	-	-		
Current borrowings	-	_	-	-
As on March 31, 2024	< 1 Year	1 - 5 year	> 5 year	Total
Non-Current borrowings	-	-	-	-
Current borrowings	-	-	-	-

c) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the Market prices. Market Risk comprises two types of risk- Currency Risk and Interest Rate Risk.

Market Risk - Interest Rate

The interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The company has no borrowings at fixed interest rates.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Variable rate borrowings	_	-
Fixed rate borrowings		-

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates on the borrowings at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for whole of the year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used for internal review by the key management personnel.

Particulars	Impact on	Impact on Profit / Loss		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points *	-	-		
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points *	-	-		

^{*}Assuming all other variables as constant

- 40 CSR Provisions in terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act is not applicable to the Company.
- 41 The balances of Sundry debtors and Creditors are subject to confirmation. The Directors are of the Opinion that no asset is likely to be realized for an amount less than the amount at which it is recorded in the financial statements as at March 31, 2025 except for those which management has identified and classified as doubtful for recovery.

SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

42 Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for Variance
(a) Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current liabilities	11.25	9.09	24%	Note 01
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	-	_	-	-
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	0.00%	-8.90%	100%	Note 02
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes	Avg. Shareholder's Equity	7.82%	-53.45%	115%	Note 03
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold OR sales	Inventory	_	2.58	100%	Note 04
(f) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales	Accounts Receivable	* -	2.99	100%	Note 05
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Trade Payables	-	1.37	100%	Note 06
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital	-	2.13	100%	Note 07
(i) Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Net Sales	0.00%	-64.32%	100%	Note 08
(j) Return on Capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	7.61%	-62.36%	112%	Note 09
(k) Return on Investment	Gain on Investments	Investments	323%	-	**************************************	Note 10

*Reasons for Variances in Ratios

- Note 01: Variance in Current ratio is on account of payment to trade payables & statutory liabilities.
- Note 02: Variance in Debt Service Coverage Ratio due to debt at the end of the year is NIL.
- Note 03: Variance in Return on Equity Ratio due to decrease in Avg shareholders equity and increase in net profits.
- Note 04: Variance in Inventory turnover Ratio due to inventory at the end of the year is NIL.
- Note 05: Variance in Trade Receivables trunover Ratio due to receivables at the end of the year is NIL.
- Note 06: Variance in Trade payables turnover ratio due to decrease in trade payables & no purchase made during the year.
- Note 07: Variance in Net capital turnover ratio due to revenue from operations for the year is NIL.
- Note 08: Variance in Net profit ratio due to revenue from operations for the year is NIL.
- Note 09: Variance in Return on Capital employed due to increase in Earning Before Interest & Tax.
- Note 10: Variance in Return on Investment is due to increase in gain on investments during the year.

43 Additional Disclosure

a) Details of Benami Property held

No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made

b) Loans or Advances in the nature of loans

No Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

c) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

a. The company has not advanced or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other source or kind of funds) to any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intremidiaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermidiary shall: (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.



SUDARSHAN POLYFAB PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS ON MARCH 31, 2025

All amounts are in Rs. Lacs unless otherwise stated

b. The company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding parties) with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entiities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (the ultimate beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

44 Previous year figures have been recast, regrouped and reclassified to make them comparable with the current year figures.

As per our report of even date

For Borkar & Muzumdar

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101569W

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Deepak Kumar Jain

Partner

M. No. 154390 Place: Mumbai

Date: 16th May 2025

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Sudarshan Polyfab Private Limited

Yash/Gupta

Director DIN: 07638743

Place: Mum pai

Date: 16th May 2025

Anurag Gupta

Director

DIN: 01845362